2014/2015 Canadian Research Priorities

1. Optimizing production performance

2. Managing market expectations (e.g. food safety, traceability, biosecurity, animal welfare, market access)

3. Improving business performance and profitability of Canadian flocks

4. Improving flock health



Canadian Research Priorities 2014-2015

Developed by the Research Working Group of the Sheep Value Chain Roundtable, November 2014

1. Optimizing production performance

- Key performance indicators cost management, productivity
 - Animal and business performance through improved nutrition
 - Perinatal mortality in sheep flocks
 - o Milk production in the dairy sheep sector
 - Parasite management (eg. *T. ovis, Haemonchus*)
 - Management systems for highly productive ewes
 - Improved flock rations (by-product feeds, toxins, ergot, feed issues)
- Genetic selection
 - Optimal genetics / breed types and selection tools
 - Parasite / disease resistance
 - Carcass quality / performance and supply chain practices
 - On-farm feeding to improve animal performance and carcass quality
 - \circ $\;$ Farm to market handling and transportation to reduce carcass damage $\;$
 - Processing improvements focused on carcass quality, quality assessment,

technology

2. Managing market expectations (food safety, traceability, biosecurity, animal welfare, market access)

- Improved animal welfare in sheep production
- Increased understanding of consumer sensory preferences and increased ability to meet them
 - Lack of approved drugs for meat and dairy sheep
- Increased uptake by industry of existing tools for food safety, traceability biosecurity and animal welfare to ensure market access

3. Improving business performance and profitability of Canadian flocks

- Rising production cost management (feed, labour, energy, overhead, etc.)
- Flock models and production systems adapted to changing environmental and societal demand
 - Business sustainability

4. Improving flock health

- Reducing neonatal lamb death loss
- Impact of chronic disease and parasites on flock productivity

• Improved understanding of the costs of and major reasons for early culling and death loss in ewe flocks

• Lack of access to medications in use for disease management in the global lamb sector (vaccines, drugs, anthelmintics)